

COMBINED SCIENCE

Paper 1 Multiple Choice (Core)

0653/13 October/November 2019 45 minutes

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid. Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you. DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet. A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16. Electronic calculators may be used.

This document consists of 15 printed pages and 1 blank page.

- **1** Which characteristic of living organisms describes the taking in of materials for energy, growth and development?
 - **A** absorption
 - **B** nutrition
 - C photosynthesis
 - D respiration
- **2** What is osmosis?
 - A the movement of salt across a cell wall
 - **B** the movement of salt across a partially permeable membrane
 - C the movement of water across a cell wall
 - D the movement of water across a partially permeable membrane
- 3 Nitrates in the soil are taken up by the roots of a plant.

What are the nitrates used to make?

- A fat
- B glucose
- **C** protein
- D starch
- 4 The diagram shows a cross section of a stem.



Which row shows the correct names and functions of the tissues?

	tissue 1		tissue 2		
	name	function	name	function	
Α	phloem	support only	phloem	transport only	
В	phloem	transport only	xylem	support and transport	
С	xylem	transport only	phloem	support and transport	
D	xylem	support only	xylem	transport only	

- 5 Which statements about the site of valves are correct?
 - 1 present between atria and ventricles
 - 2 present between ventricles and arteries
 - 3 present between arteries and lungs
 - **A** 1, 2 and 3 **B** 1 and 2 only **C** 1 and 3 only **D** 2 and 3 only
- 6 The diagram shows an alveolus and a blood capillary.



Which two arrows represent gas exchange by diffusion only?

Δ	1 and 2	B 1 :	and 3	C	2 and 4	П	3 and 4
A	i anu z				2 anu 4	U	5 anu 4

7 Glucose is involved in the reaction in the body shown below.

glucose + P \rightarrow Q + R

What are P, Q and R?

	Р	Q	R
Α	carbon dioxide	oxygen	water
В	carbon dioxide	water	oxygen
С	oxygen	water	carbon dioxide
D	water	carbon dioxide	oxygen

8 A biologist keeps a potted plant in a laboratory.

Which feature of the potted plant shows that it is a living organism?

- A It grows larger over time.
- B It has green leaves.
- C The compost in the pot dries after he waters it.
- **D** The stems contain xylem.
- **9** The diagram shows the shoots of a tray of seedlings in a box. Light enters the box as shown.



Which diagram shows the phototropic response of the shoots after 48 hours?



- 10 Which statement about sexual reproduction is always correct?
 - A It involves only one parent.
 - **B** It involves the fusion of nuclei.
 - **C** It produces genetically identical offspring.
 - **D** It takes place only in animals.

- 11 What is the function of the human ovaries?
 - A place where the fetus develops
 - **B** release of eggs
 - **C** site of fertilisation
 - D transfer of egg to the uterus
- **12** The diagram shows a food web.



Which statement about this food web is correct?

- **A** It has five carnivores.
- B It has five consumers.
- **C** It has one herbivore.
- **D** It has two producers.
- 13 Which row shows the effects of deforestation?

	amount of photosynthesis	concentration of carbon dioxide in atmosphere
Α	less	more
В	less	less
С	more	less
D	more	more

14 Four changes are listed.

- 1 solid carbon dioxide \rightarrow carbon dioxide gas
- 2 the rusting of iron
- 3 the electrolysis of molten sodium chloride
- 4 the fractional distillation of crude oil

Which row identifies the chemical changes and physical changes?

	chemical change	physical change
Α	1 and 2	3 and 4
в	1 and 4	2 and 3
С	2 and 3	1 and 4
D	3 and 4	1 and 2

15 A white solid X is formed when magnesium reacts with oxygen.

What is X?

- **A** a compound
- B a mixture
- **C** an alloy
- D an element
- **16** Which row describes the fluorine atom, ${}^{19}_{9}$ F?

	number of protons	number of neutrons	number of electrons
Α	9	9	10
В	9	10	9
С	10	9	10
D	10	19	9

17 The fertiliser ammonium sulfate has the formula $(NH_4)_2SO_4$.

	number of hydrogen atoms	number of nitrogen atoms	number of oxygen atoms	number of sulfur atoms
Α	4	1	1	1
В	4	2	4	1
С	8	1	4	1
D	8	2	4	1

How many atoms of each element are present in the formula?

18 Element X is a non-metal used in the treatment of the water supply.

It is made during the electrolysis of a metal salt.

What is the colour of X and at which electrode is it made?

	colour	electrode
Α	red	anode
В	red	cathode
С	yellow-green	anode
D	yellow-green	cathode

19 The initial and the final temperatures of four different reactions are recorded.

Which reaction is the **most** exothermic?

	initial temperature /°C	final temperature /°C
Α	19	16
В	20	19
С	22	24
D	24	25

20 Limestone chips react with dilute hydrochloric acid.

Which change decreases the speed of the reaction?

- A adding a catalyst
- **B** decreasing the temperature
- **C** increasing the concentration of hydrochloric acid
- D using limestone powder
- 21 What are the products of the reaction between dilute hydrochloric acid and copper carbonate?
 - A copper chloride + carbon dioxide + water
 - **B** copper chloride + hydrogen carbonate
 - C copper oxide + carbon dioxide + water
 - **D** copper oxide + chlorine + water
- 22 Two non-metallic elements, X and Y, are in the same group of the Periodic Table.

X is higher in the group than Y.

Which row shows the group number that includes elements X and Y and which element is lighter in colour?

	group number	lighter in colour
Α	I	х
В	I	Y
С	VII	х
D	VII	Y

23 Which row describes the reactivity and the electronic structure of a noble gas?

	reactivity	electronic structure
Α	reactive	full outer shell
В	reactive	incomplete outer shell
С	unreactive	incomplete outer shell
D	unreactive	full outer shell

- 24 Which statement about alloys is correct?
 - A They are made from metals because metals are poor electrical conductors.
 - **B** They are mixtures of compounds that contain metals.
 - **C** They have all the same properties as the metals from which they are made.
 - **D** They have different properties to the metals from which they are made.
- **25** Copper oxide reacts with carbon.

The equation is shown.

copper oxide + carbon \rightarrow copper + carbon dioxide

What is the role of carbon in this reaction?

- A It is a catalyst.
- B It is an electrolyte.
- **C** It neutralises the copper oxide.
- **D** It reduces the copper oxide.
- 26 What is the composition of clean air?
 - A 78% nitrogen, 21% carbon dioxide and small amounts of other gases
 - B 78% nitrogen, 21% oxygen and small amounts of other gases
 - **C** 78% oxygen, 21% carbon dioxide and small amounts of other gases
 - **D** 78% oxygen, 21% nitrogen and small amounts of other gases
- 27 Which two substances are formed during the complete combustion of hydrocarbons?



28 A measuring cylinder contains liquid.

More liquid is now poured into the measuring cylinder.

The diagrams show the measuring cylinder before and after the liquid is poured into it.



What volume of liquid is poured into the measuring cylinder?

A 3.5 cm^3 **B** 4.0 cm^3 **C** 4.5 cm^3 **D** 8.0 cm^3

29 A solid metal cube of side 4.0 cm has a mass of 640 g.



What is the density of the metal?

A 10 g/cm^3 **B** 40 g/cm^3 **C** 160 g/cm^3 **D** 2560 g/cm^3

https://xtremepape.rs/

30 A man walking on snow in normal shoes sinks into the snow. The man puts on snow shoes and does not sink into the snow.



Which row explains why this happens?

	area of contact with snow	weight of man
Α	decreased	decreased
В	decreased	unchanged
С	increased	decreased
D	increased	unchanged

31 The diagram shows a load attached to a spring.



The load is pulled down and then released so that it oscillates between point P (highest point) and point Q (lowest point).

Which form of energy does the load have at point P?

- A gravitational potential energy only
- B kinetic energy only
- **C** kinetic energy and gravitational potential energy
- **D** neither kinetic energy nor gravitational potential energy

32 A girl runs up some stairs.

Which two quantities need to be known to calculate the power she produces?

- A her weight and the height of the stairs
- **B** her weight and the time she takes to run up the stairs
- **C** the work she does and the height of the stairs
- **D** the work she does and the time she takes to run up the stairs
- **33** A liquid is evaporating but **not** boiling.

Which statement about evaporation of the liquid is correct?

- **A** Bubbles of vapour are formed beneath the surface of the liquid during evaporation.
- **B** Evaporation only takes place at a specific temperature.
- **C** Evaporation only takes place from the surface of the liquid.
- **D** The temperature of the liquid increases during evaporation.
- 34 Which row describes the separation and motion of the molecules in solids and gases?

	solids	gases
Α	close together and changing positions	close together and changing positions
в	close together and changing positions	far apart and moving freely
С	close together and vibrating about fixed positions	close together and vibrating about fixed positions
D	close together and vibrating about fixed positions	far apart and moving freely

35 The diagram shows light striking a plane mirror.



What is the angle of reflection of the ray when it is reflected from the mirror?

Α	40°	В	50°	С	80°	D	100°
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36 Gamma rays and microwaves are both regions of the electromagnetic spectrum.

How do the speed and frequency of gamma rays in a vacuum compare with the speed and frequency of microwaves in a vacuum?

	speed of gamma rays	frequency of gamma rays
Α	greater than for microwaves	greater than for microwaves
В	greater than for microwaves	smaller than for microwaves
С	the same as for microwaves	greater than for microwaves
D	the same as for microwaves	smaller than for microwaves

37 A student measures the speed of sound. He claps his hands and the sound reflects from a wall that is 100 m away from him.



100 m

An electronic timer next to the student detects the echo of the sound 0.60 s after it is made.

Which calculation gives the speed of sound?

A $\frac{200}{0.30}$ m/s **B** $\frac{200}{0.60}$ m/s **C** $\frac{100}{0.60}$ m/s **D** $\frac{100}{1.2}$ m/s

38 A plastic rod becomes positively charged when it is rubbed with a cloth.

What happens during the charging process?

- A Electrons and protons move from the rod to the cloth, but more electrons move than protons.
- **B** Electrons move from the rod to the cloth and protons move from the cloth to the rod.
- **C** Only protons move, from the cloth to the rod.
- **D** Only electrons move, from the rod to the cloth.

39 A student wants to measure the potential difference across a resistor. The circuits show two different positions in which a meter can be connected.





position X

What meter is used, and where is it connected in the circuit?

- an ammeter in position X Α
- В an ammeter in position Y
- С a voltmeter in position X
- D a voltmeter in position Y
- 40 Four ammeters V, W, X and Y are connected in the circuit shown.



Which ammeters have the same reading as each other?

- A V and W only
- В V and Y only
- X and Y only С
- D V, W, X and Y

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The volume of one mole of any gas is $24\,dm^3$ at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).

		L			
	=		4	Be	beryllium
	_		ი		lithium

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The Periodic Table of Elements

Group

	VIII	д Но	helium 4	10	Ne	neon 20	18	Ar	argon 40	36	Ϋ́	krypton 84	54	Xe	xenon 131	86	Rn	radon -				
	<pre>NI</pre>			6	L	fluorine 19	17	Cl	chlorine 35.5	35	Ъ	bromine 80	53	Π	iodine 127	85	At	astatine -				
	٨I			8	0	oxygen 16	16	S	sulfur 32	34	Se	selenium 79	52	Те	tellurium 128	84	Ро	polonium –	116	2	livermorium –	-
	>			7	z	nitrogen 14	15	٩	phosphorus 31	33	As	arsenic 75	51	Sb	antimony 122	83	B	bismuth 209				
	\geq			9	U	carbon 12	14	Si	silicon 28	32	Ge	germanium 73	50	Sn	tin 119	82	Pb	lead 207	114	Fl	flerovium -	
	Ξ			5	ш	boron 11	13	Ρl	aluminium 27	31	Ga	gallium 70	49	In	indium 115	81	11	thallium 204				
										30	Zn	zinc 65	48	Cq	cadmium 112	80	Hg	mercury 201	112	C	copernicium -	
										29	Cu	copper 64	47	Ag	silver 108	79	Au	gold 197	111	Rg	roentgenium -	
										28	ïZ	nickel 59	46	Pd	palladium 106	78	ħ	platinum 195	110	Ds	darmstadtium -	
										27	ပိ	cobalt 59	45	Rh	rhodium 103	77	Ir	iridium 192	109	Mt	meitnerium -	_
		- I	hydrogen 1							26	Fe	iron 56	44	Ru	ruthenium 101	76	Os	osmium 190	108	Hs	hassium -	-
				-						25	Mn	manganese 55	43	р	technetium -	75	Re	rhenium 186	107	Bh	bohrium –	-
					bol	SS				24	ŗ	chromium 52	42	Mo	molybdenum 96	74	\geq	tungsten 184	106	Sg	seaborgium -	-
			Key	atomic number	mic sym	name tive atomic ma				23	>	vanadium 51	41	ЧN	niobium 93	73	ца	tantalum 181	105	Db	dubnium –	
					ato	rela				22	F	titanium 48	40	Zr	zirconium 91	72	Ŧ	hafnium 178	104	Ŗ	rutherfordium -	
										21	Sc	scandium 45	39	≻	yttrium 89	57-71	lanthanoids		89-103	actinoids		
	=			4	Be	beryllium 9	12	Mg	magnesium 24	20	Ca	calcium 40	38	പ്	strontium 88	56	Ba	barium 137	88	Ra	radium -	
	_			ю	:	lithium 7	11	Na	sodium 23	19	¥	potassium 39	37	Rb	rubidium 85	55	Cs	caesium 133	87	Ļ	francium -	
1													-						-			-

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